



RUPRECHT-KARLS-UNIVERSITÄT HEIDELBERG
ALFRED-WEBER-INSTITUT FÜR
WIRTSCHAFTSWISSENSCHAFTEN
Professur für Empirische Wirtschaftsforschung
Prof. Dr. Christian Conrad

**Registration form for the seminar
“Topics in Financial Econometrics “
(M.Sc. Economics, summer term 2026)**

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Name | |
| Email | |
| Student ID (Matrikelnummer) | |
| Study program | M.Sc. Economics <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="text"/> |
| Desired topics: | 1st choice: <input type="text"/> 2nd choice: <input type="text"/> 3rd choice: <input type="text"/> |

Topics:

1. Can you predict stock market returns?

Goyal, A., Welch, I., & Zafirov, A. (2024). A Comprehensive 2022 Look at the Empirical Performance of Equity Premium Prediction, *Review of Financial Studies*, 37(11), 3490–3557, <https://doi.org/10.1093/rfs/hhae044>

2. Can you beat the 1/n portfolio?

DeMiguel, V., Garlappi, L., & Uppal, R. (2009). Optimal versus naive diversification: How inefficient is the 1/N portfolio strategy? *Review of Financial Studies*, 22(5), 1915–1953. <https://doi.org/10.1093/rfs/hhm075>

3. **How can we distinguish between cash flow and discount rate news?**

Campbell, J. Y. (1991). A variance decomposition for stock returns. *Economic Journal*, 101(405), 157–179. <https://doi.org/10.2307/2233809>

4. **How can we measure return and volatility spillovers?**

Diebold, F. X., & Yilmaz, K. (2009). Measuring financial asset return and volatility spillovers, with application to global equity markets. *Economic Journal*, 119(534), 158–171. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1468-0297.2008.02208.x>

5. **Is financial market volatility disconnected from economic conditions?**

Paye, B. S. (2012). “Deja vol”: Predictive regressions for aggregate stock market volatility using macroeconomic variables. *Journal of Financial Economics*, 106(3), 527–546. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jfineco.2012.05.006>

6. **Can you beat the HAR model in predicting financial volatility?**

Branco, R. R., Rubesam, A., & Zevallos, M. (2024). Forecasting realized volatility: Does anything beat linear models? *Journal of Empirical Finance*, 78, 1–22. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jempfin.2024.101524>

7. **Has idiosyncratic risk increased over time?**

Campbell, J. Y., Lettau, M., Malkiel, B. G., & Xu, Y. (2001). Have individual stocks become more volatile? An empirical exploration of idiosyncratic risk. *Journal of Finance*, 56(1), 1–43. <https://doi.org/10.1111/0022-1082.00318>

8. **Has overnight volatility become more important?**

Hansen, P. R., & Lunde, A. (2005). A realized variance for the whole day based on intermittent high-frequency data. *Journal of Financial Econometrics*, 3(4), 525–554. <https://doi.org/10.1093/jfinec/nbi028>

Deadline for registration is April 5, 2026.

Please complete the registration form and submit it to:

emwi@awi.uni-heidelberg.de